VCCS Student Code of Conduct: Policy

VCCS Policy Language

Section 6

Student Development Services

6.5 Campus Conduct

6.5.0 Student Conduct (C)

Each individual is considered a responsible adult, and it is assumed that students shall maintain standards of conduct appropriate to membership in the college community. Emphasis is placed on standards of student conduct rather than on limits or restrictions of students.

All colleges will implement and publish a student code of conduct in accordance with the template found in Appendix II to Section 6. colleges may establish separate processes and sanctions for adjudicating violations of Academic Dishonesty, as defined in Appendix II.

Location:
Policy Manual
Section 6 - Student Development Services
Campus Conduct

Location:
Policy Manual
Section 6 - Student Development Services
Appendix 2 to Section 6.0

Student Code of Conduct: College Policy

Introduction

This Student Code of Conduct outlines the expectations of students enrolled at Southwest Virginia Community College. Students are subject to college jurisdiction, meaning it is expected that the Conduct Code be maintained while a student at the college. By enrolling, students agree to adhere to college policies and contribute to a respectful academic environment. The college reserves the right to take disciplinary action against any student whose conduct, in the opinion of college representatives, adversely affects the college's pursuit of its educational objectives. Students who are involved in the conduct process should expect any sanctions imposed to be enforced at all college campuses and centers.

The Code of Conduct shall apply both to the conduct of individual students as well as student organizations. Each recognized student organization's activities and the activities of its members will not violate federal, state, or local law; or the college's Code of Conduct.

The Code of Conduct applies to all student activities within the college, VCCS, or their foundations' programs or activities wherever located. The Code of Conduct also applies to all student conduct occurring on the college campus and on any property owned, leased, or operated by the college, VCCS, or their foundations. The Code of Conduct additionally applies to any property used as a student residence and in regard to which students have expressly agreed to abide by or provided written consent to be governed by college policies. The Code of Conduct also applies to acts of misconduct or criminal acts that are not committed on college property if the acts arise from college activities that are being conducted off the college's campuses, or if the conduct undermines the security of the college community or the integrity of the educational process or poses a serious threat to self or others.

SWCC is guided by steadfast core values. As a community of educators, we value:

- **Student-Centered Learning** SWCC believes that students are the primary reason we exist, and our purpose is to help them achieve their goals and aspirations.
- **Student Success** SWCC recognizes the potential in individuals and assists them in obtaining their highest level of attainment.

- Excellence SWCC strives for excellence in instruction and service through rigorous academic and professional standards.
- Collaboration SWCC reaches out to the communities and partners it serves, supporting and assisting them in achieving their goals.

Definitions

As used in this Code of Conduct, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Academic Dishonesty – This is when a student intentionally engages in deceptive conduct to gain an unfair advantage in his/her academic work.

Accused Student – a student or student organization who has been accused of violating the Conduct Code.

Advisor – Any one person designated by the accused student to support the student through the conduct process. This person can include, but is not limited to a parent, friend, college faculty or staff member, or attorney (at the student's own expense).

Appeal – If a student is found responsible for violating the Conduct Code the student may request an appeal, meaning the case will be reviewed with the opportunity of a different outcome possible.

Charge – Listed in the "Notice of Incident", the charge is the alleged code violations and what the accused student will respond to during the conduct meeting and be found responsible or not responsible for.

College-Sponsored Activity – Any activity on or off campus which is initiated, authorized, aided, or supervised by the college.

Complainant – Any individual that submits a report alleging that a student violated the Student Code of Conduct. The complainant does not need to be the person who was the target or victim of the alleged violation.

Conduct Hearing Committee – The group of people, trained in the conduct process, which adjudicates a conduct charge. The committee makes a determination of responsibility and imposes sanctions if a student is found responsible.

Dating Violence – Dating violence is violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury committed by a person who is or has been in a close relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the other person. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Decision Letter – A letter sent to the accused student stating whether he/she has been found responsible or not responsible for the alleged Conduct Code violations.

Disposition of a Violation – Determination of responsibility, or lack thereof, for an alleged violation and any sanctions imposed.

Domestic Violence – Domestic violence is violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by a person against such person's family or household member, which includes a current or former spouse, a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, or who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the person as a spouse or intimate partner.

Evidence – Available information about a conduct case that is used to arrive at a disposition and, if applicable, sanction.

Formal Conduct Hearing – A formal meeting by the Conduct Hearing Committee in which the Committee considers the evidence and determines whether an accused student violated the Conduct Code, and if so, what sanctions should be imposed.

Incident Report – A formal complaint alleging the student violated the college's Conduct Code and submitted by any academic or administrative official, faculty member, student, or member of the public.

Informal Hearing – A conference or meeting with a professional staff member of the [Office of Student Conduct] to discuss the alleged violation.

Mitigating Circumstance – Evidence relating to an offense that may offer context to the alleged violation and may reasonably be considered by the Conduct Hearing Committee to lessen the severity of the sanctions.

Notice of Incident – Official letter, containing the alleged Conduct Code violations, which is sent to a student who is accused of having violated the Conduct Code. This letter is sent to a student's college-provided email account or by mail.

Preponderance of the Evidence – The evidentiary standard used to determine if a violation of the Conduct Code was violated or not. This standard means "more likely than not".

Sanction – Disciplinary measures implemented when a student is found responsible for violating the Conduct Code and which are then outlined in the decision letter to the student. A sanction applies college-wide and is not campus specific, unless specifically stated otherwise in the decision letter.

Sexual Assault - Sexual assault is any sexual act directed against another person without consent or where the person is incapable of giving consent. Sexual assault includes the specific offenses of Sexual Violence (see E.33) and Fondling.

(a) Fondling (actual or attempted) is defined as (1) the intentional touching of the clothed or unclothed genitals, buttocks, groin, breasts, or other body parts of the Complainant by the Respondent (i) without the consent of the Complainant, and (ii) for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation; or (2) the forced touching by the Complainant of the Respondent's clothed or unclothed genitals, buttocks, groin, breasts, or other body parts (i) without consent of the Complainant, and (ii) for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.

Sexual Violence - Sexual violence means physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent. Sexual violence includes rape and sexual assault.

Student – Individuals enrolled in at least one course during the current semester for credit or non-credit (workforce) or enrolled for at least one course in the upcoming semester at the college.

Prohibited Conduct

Violating the student code of conduct by engaging in prohibited behavior is subject to disciplinary action. Violations include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. **Abuse**: Any physical or verbal behavior, action, or words that restrict a person's rightful actions and cause a reasonable person to feel threatened or intimidated.
 - a. Physical Abuse is defined as the use of physical force or violence that attempts to or causes harm, restricts the freedom, action, or movement of another person, or endangers the health or safety of another person and restricts his/her rights. Physical abuse also includes physical behavior that involves an expressed or implied threat to interfere with an individual's personal safety, academic efforts, employment, or participation in college-sponsored extracurricular activities or causes the person to have a reasonable apprehension that such harm is about to occur.
 - b. Verbal Abuse is defined as any verbal, written, visual, or gesture directed to someone that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear or intimidation and could interfere with an individual's personal safety, academic efforts, employment, or participation in college-sponsored activities. This can include excessive yelling, name-calling, insulting, and other forms of verbal abuse.
- 2. **Bomb Threat/Threats of Mass Violence:** Students who make a threat of mass violence against college property and people on it, or encourage, incite, entice, or solicit any person to commit such a threat, shall be disciplined by the college and recommended for criminal prosecution to

 DHRM Policy 2.35: Civility in the Workplace">DHRM Policy 2.35: Civility in the Workplace for additional details.
- 3. **Cheating**: This is a form of academic dishonesty. Using or attempting to use unauthorized materials, information, or study aids in any academic exercise. This includes using another person's work and then submitting as one's own work; allowing another to take an examination in one's name; submitting identical or similar papers in more than one course without obtaining permission from the instructors of all the courses

involved. See Academic Integrity Policy Statement

- 4. **College Misrepresentation**: Unauthorized use of the college's name, logo, and/or other official college graphics.
- 5. **Copyright Infringement:** Conduct or activities that violate federal copyright laws including, but not limited to, written or electronic media.
- 6. **Data Misrepresentation**: This is a form of academic dishonesty. Fabricating data; deliberately presenting assignment data that were not gathered in accordance with assigned guidelines or are deliberately fabricated; or providing an inaccurate account of the method by which the data were gathered and generated. See <u>Academic Integrity Policy Statement</u>
- 7. **Destruction of Property**: Attempted or actual damage to property of the college or personal property of another, on or off campus, without permission.
- 8. **Dishonesty:** Furnishing false information to any college official, faculty member, office, or fellow student including, forgery, lying, or deception.

9. Disruptive Acts:

- a. Disrupting or obstructing the normal learning, living, or work environments of other members of the college community or the functions or activities of the college (as well as activities conducted on the college's property with its permission) is prohibited. Examples include: blocking entrances, corridors or exits; interfering with ongoing educational activities, cultural events, or recreational, extracurricular or athletic programs; unauthorized presence in a building after normal closing hours or after notice that the building is being closed; interfering with vehicular or pedestrian traffic; creating unsanitary conditions; and interfering with any other effort to protect the health and safety of members of the college community or larger public.
- b. No person may obstruct, disrupt, or attempt by physical force to cancel or discontinue speech by any speaker or the observation of speech by any person intending to see or hear a speaker. See Expressive Activity Policy
- c. Substantially unmanageable behavior inside or outside of the classroom or an administrative office, that interferes with teaching, research, administration, or other college or college-authorized activities, or infringes on the rights of others. This includes disruptive behavior at student activities or during college-sponsored trips.
- 10. **Emergency Safety:** Violations of campus or college emergency regulations, such as failing to comply with emergency evacuation procedures.

11. Encampment:

- a. The construction or occupation of a Camping Tent is prohibited.
 - i. "Camping Tent" means any collapsible tent or structure, typically having as its basic components a flexible material supported by a framework, designed, intended, or used as temporary shelter while camping or on recreational outdoor outings. Camping Tents may include tents known as "pup tents," "dome tents," "cabin tents," "hiker tents," and "backpacking tents."
 - ii. "Camping Tent" does not include a tent with all sides entirely open and where there is an unobstructed view into such tent from the outside at all angles. All other conduct provisions apply to the use of open tents.
- iii. Only tents approved in advance pursuant to the college Facility Use Rules shall be permitted. No Camping Tents shall be permitted at any time. All tents of any type must be removed no later than 11:00 p.m.
- b. Camping is prohibited on property owned, leased, or operated by the college, Virginia Community college System, or their foundations.
 - i. "Camping" means the act of using any part of the property or facilities for living accommodation purposes, such as establishment of temporary or permanent living quarters, sleeping outdoors overnight or making preparations for overnight sleeping (including the laying down of bedding), storing personal belongings, using any tent, shelter, or similar structure regardless of size for sleeping; sleeping in, on, or under parked vehicles, or setting up temporary or permanent sleeping areas outdoors or in structures not designated for human occupancy.
 - ii. "Camping" does not include the use of college, VCCS, or their foundations' property that has been wholly or partially designated as sleeping or relaxation areas; a tailgating activity in conjunction with a college, VCCS, or foundation event; or the use of temporary hammocks or lounge furniture for recreation or studying activities outdoors on college, VCCS, or foundation owned property during the hours of 6:00 a.m. until 11:00 p.m.
- c. These prohibitions shall not apply to the college, the Virginia Community College System Office, or the college or System foundations or to Non-Camping Tents erected for their use.
- d. These prohibitions shall not apply to federal, state, or local governments or their agencies or to Non-Camping Tents erected for their use.

- 12. **Facilitating Academic Dishonesty**: This is a form of academic dishonesty. Helping or attempting to help another commit an act of academic dishonesty or seeking unauthorized answers for assignments, quizzes, or tests. See <u>Academic Integrity Policy Statement</u>
- 13. **Failure to Comply:** Failure to obey the directions of authorized college officials given in the performance of his/her duties, including, but not limited to, failure to identify oneself when requested to do so; failure to comply with the terms of a disciplinary sanction; refusal to vacate a college facility when directed to do so.
- 14. **Falsifying Documentation:** Alteration or misuse of any college document or record. This includes any instrument of identification.
- 15. Fire Setting: Unauthorized setting of fires, or attempt to do so, on college property.
- 16. **Gambling:** An organized opportunity for others to bet or risk something of value (like money) based on a chance outcome that is out of his/her control or influence with the understanding that they will either gain increased value or lose his/her original value determined by the specific outcome is prohibited on campus without proper approval. Examples include, but are not limited to, holding a raffle or lottery on campus or at college functions without permission or approval.
- 17. **Harassment**: Defined as severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive speech or actions that undermine equal access to educational benefits or opportunities.
- 18. **Hazing:** "Hazing" means to recklessly or intentionally endanger the health or safety of a student or students or to inflict bodily injury on a student or students in connection with or for the purpose of initiation, admission into or affiliation with or as a condition for continued membership in a club, organization, association, fraternity, sorority, or student body regardless of whether the student or students so endangered or injured participated voluntarily in the relevant activity. Under Virginia law, hazing that causes bodily injury is a criminal act, whereby a person convicted is guilty of Class 1 misdemeanor. Instances of hazing which cause bodily injury shall be adjudicated under this policy, and reported to the applicable Commonwealth's Attorney's office in compliance with Virginia Code § 18.2-56.
- 19. **Indecent Conduct:** Lewd or obscene conduct, including but not limited to public urination, performing sexual acts in public, or surreptitiously taking pictures or videos of individuals in private areas like locker rooms or restrooms. This also includes unauthorized recording or sharing video, audio, or photograph of any person(s) without his/her consent in any place where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy.
- 20. Interference with Safety Equipment/Personnel: Tampering with or unauthorized use of or interference with fire or emergency equipment (including but not limited to fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and other apparatus) and interference with the actions of emergency personnel.
- 21. **Littering**: Improperly disposing of trash of any kind. This includes leaving, throwing, or dropping trash anywhere other than in containers designated for trash disposal. This also includes dumping substances or objects into bodies of water.

- 22. **Masking to Conceal Identity:** Consistent with Virginia Code § 18.2-422, any individual who is present on college property or attending a college event who is wearing a mask, hood, or other device whereby a substantial portion of the face is hidden or covered so as to conceal the identity of the wearer, must present a valid college or government issued identification document containing both the person's legal name and photograph when requested by a Campus Police or Security Officer or otherwise establish the individual's identity to the satisfaction of the Campus Police Officer.
- 23. **Minors on Campus:** Bringing a minor on campus in violation of college policies is prohibited conduct. While the college community generally welcomes students and their families to our campuses, safety and other operational goals require that minors who are not enrolled in courses or participating in college-sponsored events or activities always remain under the direct supervision of a responsible adult or family member.
- 24. **Parking**: Students are expected to comply with college parking regulations. Parking spaces for persons with disabilities and visitors' areas are reserved for those purposes. Vehicles improperly parked in those areas may be ticketed or towed at the owner's expense. Repeated offenses of the college's parking policies may result in disciplinary action under this Code. See Parking Areas & Parking Fines.
- 25. **Plagiarism**: This is a form of academic dishonesty. Presenting as new and original an idea or product derived from an existing source without proper citation. This may include unauthorized use of AI tools. See <u>Academic Integrity Policy Statement</u>
- 26. **Possession/Distribution/Consumption of Alcohol and Marijuana:** Use of alcoholic beverages or marijuana products without a college-granted use permit as detailed under college facility policies, including the purchase, serving, consumption, possession, or sale on college property or at college-sponsored events; being under the influence of alcohol or marijuana on college property or at college-sponsored events in violation of the SWCC
 Policy on Use of Alcohol/Drugs.
- 27. **Possession/Distribution/Consumption of Illegal Drugs or Controlled Substances:** Possessing, using, selling, manufacturing, distributing, or being under the influence of controlled substances while on campus or at college-sponsored events, in violation of the <u>Alcohol and Drug Policy.</u>
- 28. **Retaliation:** Engaging in intimidation, threats, coercion, harassment, discrimination, or other adverse action against any other person for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege provided under a policy, or because the person has made a report or filed a formal complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation or process afforded under policy. Action is generally deemed adverse if it would deter a reasonable person in the same circumstance from opposing practices prohibited by a policy.
- 29. **Riot**: Participating in or inciting a violent disturbance of the peace in a crowd or disorder in an assembly.

- 30. **Sexual Exploitation**: Sexual exploitation occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for his/her own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of other sexual harassment offenses. Examples of sexual exploitation include prostituting another person; non-consensual video or audio-taping of otherwise consensual sexual activity; going beyond the boundaries of consent (such as letting your friends hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex), and knowingly transmitting HIV or another sexually transmitted disease to another person.
- 31. **Sexual Harassment:** Engaging in conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:
 - a. **Quid Pro Quo:** The submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as the basis for educational or employment decisions affecting the student or employee either explicitly or implicitly;
 - b. **Hostile Environment**: Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to an education program or activity of the college, including a student's educational experience or an employee's work performance; and
 - c. Clery Act/VAWA Offenses: Sexual assault /sexual violence, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, as defined in this policy.
- 32. **Sexual Misconduct:** Engaging in Sexual Harassment as defined herein, that falls outside of the jurisdiction for a formal complaint and the processes set forth in the <u>Sexual Harassment Policy pursuant to Title IX.</u>
- 33. **Stalking**: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his/her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. Such conduct can occur in person or online, but the conduct must involve an education program or activity of the college. See SWCC Title IX Policy on Sexual Harassment
- 34. **Threatening or Intimidating Behavior:** Any words or actions that express, imply, or encourage an actual threat to the safety or well-being of others or college property. This includes fighting words that inherently are likely to provoke a violent reaction.
- 35. **Theft**: Stealing or possessing unauthorized material, including taking property belonging to another person or to the college without authorization or through unlawful means.
- 36. **Tobacco/Smoking Violation**: Violating college policy by smoking, vaping, using a hookah, or consuming any type of tobacco product in any college facility or outside of designated areas, or within 25 feet of any college building.
- 37. **Unapproved Animals**: Unapproved animals, including pets, are not permitted in college buildings or at college-sponsored activities on or off campus unless stated otherwise. This prohibition does not apply to Service Animals that support people with disabilities.
- 38. Unauthorized Use of Electronic Devices: Violating established classroom or college

- policy by unauthorized use of electronic devices in the academic setting.
- 39. **Unauthorized Use of Facilities, Property, or Resources:** Unauthorized entry, use, or occupation of college buildings or facilities.
- 40. Unprofessional or Inappropriate Behavior within a Program-Specific Setting, Clinical Environment, or Internship Experience: Conduct that is non-compliant with standards and expectations set forth in academic programming handbooks in a program in which the student is participating. This includes the professional or accreditation standards identified in the program handbook and/or a violation of clinical or other affiliated site expectations or guidelines as part of the program curriculum.
- 41. **Violation of IT Security Policies:** Violating the college's online security policy (<u>Internet Usage Policy</u>).
- 42. **Violations of Laws, Regulations, and Ordinances:** Prohibited conduct includes violations of federal, state, or local laws, regulations, orders, or ordinances.
 - a. Students have a continuing duty to promptly report to the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities, any arrests for violations of federal, state, local, or international law, excluding minor traffic violations that do not result in injury to others. This duty applies regardless of where the arrest occurred (inside or outside the Commonwealth of Virginia) and regardless of whether the college is in session at the time of the arrest. An arrest includes the issuance of a written citation or summons regardless of whether the student is taken into custody by law enforcement. Charges related to driving under the influence of alcohol or other drugs are not "minor traffic violations" and must be reported.
- 43. **Weapons Violation**: Possession or carrying of any weapon by any person, except a police officer, is prohibited on college property in academic buildings, administrative office buildings, student centers, child care centers, dining facilities and places of like kind where people congregate, or while attending any sporting, entertainment, or educational events. Entry upon the aforementioned college property in violation of this prohibition is expressly forbidden. A student in violation of this prohibition will be asked to remove the weapon immediately and may be subject to a referral for further discipline under this Policy. For additional definitions, including what constitutes a "weapon" for purposes of this policy, refer to the <u>VA Weapons Regulation 8VAC95-10-10</u>.

11

Disciplinary Procedures

All students are afforded the right to due process for any violation. This process is defined below:

1. Incident Report is Submitted

- a. Any academic or administrative official, faculty member, student, or member of the public may file a complaint against any student for misconduct. Reports can be submitted here.
- b. Any administrator, college official, faculty member, or student wishing to file complaints against a college employee must follow a separate protocol as outlined in the human resource policy manual or the formal complaint procedure.
- c. If the alleged violation involves allegations of Sexual Harassment as defined herein, the report must be referred to the Title IX Coordinator for evaluation under the college's <u>Title IX Policy on Sexual Harassment</u>. This policy takes precedence for any conduct falling within its jurisdiction.
 - i. If the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct as alleged does not fall under that policy, then the Title IX Coordinator will refer the matter back to the appropriate conduct officer (Dean of Students for Student Conduct or HR for Employee Conduct) to be addressed as described herein.
 - ii. If the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct as alleged does fall under that policy, the referral to the Title IX Coordinator should be documented. The alleged violation will be adjudicated through Title IX procedures and not through the Conduct Code described herein.
- d. If the appropriate Conduct Officer believes that the alleged conduct presents an immediate danger to the community, the report will be immediately referred to the Threat Assessment Team.
 - i. The appropriate Conduct Officer may also proceed with interim actions afforded under this policy and concurrently proceed with the processes described herein after the referral to TAT is made.
 - ii. The appropriate Conduct Officer may take additional actions after/if receiving a recommendation from TAT.
- e. If the alleged violation involves academic dishonesty, the case will be adjudicated through the college's Academic Dishonesty Policy and Procedures.

2. Review of the Report

- a. When the Dean of Student Success receives a formal complaint that a student has allegedly violated the Conduct Code, the Dean of Student Success shall investigate the alleged violation. After completing the preliminary investigation, the Dean of Student Success will either:
 - i. Dismiss the allegation as unfounded, or
 - ii. Issue a notice of incident and schedule an informal hearing between the student and the Dean of Student Success to discuss the charges.

3. Informal Hearing

- a. If the Dean of Student Success determines an informal hearing is required as described in Provision 2, a notice of incident and informal hearing meeting request will be sent to the student via mail and/or college-provided email address contained in the college record.
 - i. The notice of incident will inform the student of the alleged violation of the student code of conduct.
 - ii. The notice will instruct the student to respond within five (5) business days from the date of the correspondence to arrange an informal hearing.
 - iii. An informal hearing time will be set after consultation with all parties involved but must occur within fourteen (14) business days of the date the notice of incident was sent to the student.
 - iv. If the student fails to respond or appear, the Dean of Student Success may not make an inference of responsibility due to the student failing to respond or appear. The appropriate Conduct Officer may still find the student responsible, if supported by the weight of the evidence obtained, and impose sanctions.
- b. During the informal hearing, the Dean of Student Success will advise students of allegation(s) and explain the student conduct process and clarify student's rights and responsibilities. The student may present his/her case and any mitigating circumstances. Every effort will be made to resolve the matter by mutual agreement.
- c. After the informal hearing, the Dean of Student Success will take one of the courses of action listed in the Provision 4, "Disposition of a Violation".
- 4. **Disposition of a Violation** As a result of the informal hearing, Dean of Student Success may select one of the following (4a, 4b, or 4c) as a course of action, depending on the circumstances:

a. Proceed administratively if it is determined that the facts of the alleged violation are not in dispute by the student.

- i. When the facts of the alleged violation are not in dispute, Dean of Student Success may administratively dispose of any violation.
 - 1. In administratively disposing of a violation, the Dean of Student Success may impose any disciplinary action authorized under the section entitled "Sanctions." Mitigating circumstances presented by the student shall be considered. Whether the mitigation offered by the student is sufficient to affect the final disposition is within the discretion of the Dean of Student Success.
- ii. The Dean of Student Success will prepare a decision letter within five (5) business days and forward a copy to the student and to other appropriate administrative personnel.
 - 1. The decision letter will set forth both the finding and rationale in support of the finding.
 - 2. The decision letter will outline any sanctions imposed.
 - 3. The decision letter will become part of the student's conduct record.
 - 4. The decision letter will include information on the appeal process.
 - 5. In cases of suspension or dismissal, the complainant must also be notified of the outcome in compliance with *Code of Virginia § 23.1-412*.

b. Proceed administratively if it is determined that the facts of the alleged violation are in dispute and/or must be further investigated.

- i. When the facts of the alleged violation are in dispute, the Dean of Student Success may elect to gather additional information concerning the allegation and then choose to administratively dispose of the violation or refer the case to a formal conduct hearing.
- ii. If the Dean of Student Success elects to gather more information, follow-up with the accused student must occur within ten (10) business days of the informal hearing.
- iii. If the Dean of Student Success, upon initial review of the report in Provision 2 above, determines that the alleged violation, if founded, could result in a sanction of suspension or dismissal from the college or program and the student disputes the facts of the alleged violation, the Dean of Student Success must refer the case to a Conduct Hearing Committee and proceed under 4c. The Dean of Student Success may elect to defer to the Conduct Hearing Committee as described in 4c at any time prior to rendering a determination if facts discovered during the investigation, in the discretion of the Dean of Student Success, warrant review by the Conduct Committee.
- iv. In administratively disposing of the violation where the facts are in dispute, the Dean of Student Success will:

- 1. Make a finding of responsible or not responsible.
- 2. If the student is found responsible, the Dean of Student Success will impose disciplinary measures authorized under the section entitled "Sanctions." Mitigating circumstances presented by the student shall be considered. Whether the mitigation offered by the student is sufficient to affect the final disposition is within the discretion of the Dean of Student Success.
- 3. Prepare a decision letter and forward a copy to the student and to other appropriate administrative personnel.
 - a. The decision letter will set forth both the finding and rationale in support of the finding.
 - b. The decision letter will outline any sanctions imposed.
 - c. The decision letter will become part of the student's conduct record.
 - d. The decision letter will include information on the appeal process.

c. Refer the case to a formal conduct hearing.

- i. When the Dean of Student Success decides 4a and 4b do not apply and decides to refer the case directly to a conduct hearing, the steps outlined in Provision 5 "Formal Conduct Hearing" will be followed.
- ii. The Dean of Student Success will prepare a formal complaint based on the allegation along with a list of witnesses and documentary evidence supporting the allegations.

5. Formal Conduct Hearing

- a. The conduct hearing committee will be selected by the Dean of Student Success.
 - i. The committee shall consist of three (3) members composed of a combination of staff and faculty. All members must be trained in the conduct process. The Dean of Student Success should consider any possible conflicts of interest when the committee members are chosen. To the extent possible, the committee should be composed of individuals uninvolved in the allegation and without prior knowledge of it.
 - ii. The names of the hearing committee members shall be provided to the student at the time of selection. The student may object to a committee member on the basis of bias or other good cause shown and request that another person be chosen from the list in that same category. One student-requested substitution, with written justification, is permitted.
 - iii. A committee member who is selected for the hearing may request that another person be chosen if the selected member believes he/she cannot provide a fair judgment in the matter. The objecting committee member must provide a written justification to the appropriate Conduct Officer in support of removal. The removal of the proposed committee member is at the discretion of the

Dean of Student Success.

- b. The conduct hearing committee will set the date, time, and place for the hearing.
 - i. The Dean of Student Success will notify the student by email, mail, or by hand delivery of information pertaining to the date, time, and place of the hearing. The notice of the hearing will be sent within five (5) business days following confirmation of the hearing committee membership.
 - ii. The hearing will take place within ten (10) business days of the selection of the conduct hearing committee, unless an extension is mutually agreed upon between the student and the college.
 - iii. The Dean of Student Success will have the discretion to alter the arrangements of the hearing for good cause.
- c. The conduct hearing committee will hold the hearing as scheduled and determine a ruling whether or not the student is present, provided the committee has confirmation that the student received actual notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing.
- d. The student alleged to have violated the Conduct Code has the right to be accompanied by an advisor, who may come from within or outside the college. The participation of the advisor shall be restricted to advising the accused only. The advisor shall not participate in the actual proceedings of the hearing, to include discussion with the Dean of Student Success or examination of the witnesses. The advisor shall be required to sign a confidentiality agreement as a condition of participation.
- e. The committee will presume a student is not responsible for the alleged violation unless and until the facts and information presented support a decision to the contrary. A student will be found in violation when the preponderance of the evidence (over 50%) indicates that the student has violated the Conduct Code.
- f. The committee will proceed as follows during the hearing:
 - i. The Dean of Student Success reads the complaint.
 - ii. The Dean of Student Success presents the college's case. Any person giving testimony may be questioned, at the completion of the witness's testimony, by the student. The Dean of Student Success has the right to ask questions of the witness at any time and to recall witnesses at his/her discretion.
 - iii. The student presents his/her defense and any mitigating circumstances. The committee shall not require the student to testify, nor shall the committee prevent the student from testifying. Any person giving testimony on behalf of the student may also be questioned by the appropriate Conduct Officer.
 - iv. The Dean of Student Success and the student may present rebuttal evidence

- and argument.
- v. Committee members may freely question witnesses at any time.
- vi. In a closed meeting, the conduct hearing committee will discuss the case and vote whether or not there has been a violation of the Conduct Code. If a majority of the committee (at least 2 out of 3 voting members) find the student violated the Conduct Code.
- vii. The committee will select and recommend an appropriate sanction from the list in the section entitled "Sanctions". Determination of the sanction must be approved by a majority of the committee members. The committee must also provide a rationale for the recommended sanction.
- viii. The committee will notify the Dean of Student Success of the committee's decision and its recommended sanction in writing, if any, within 24 hours of the conclusion of the hearing.
- g. The Dean of Student Success has the discretion to accept the hearing committee's recommended sanctions or impose another sanction supported by the evidence. After the Dean of Student Success makes the final determination on any sanctions, the officer will then prepare a decision letter and forward a copy to the student, the hearing committee, and other appropriate college personnel within five (5) business days of the conclusion of the hearing.
 - i. The decision letter will set forth both the finding and rationale in support of the finding.
 - ii. The decision letter will outline any sanctions imposed (if a student is found responsible).
 - iii. The decision letter will become part of the student's conduct record.
 - iv. The decision letter will include information on the appeal process (if a student is found responsible).
 - v. This notification will be sent via the student's college-provided email account and/or physical mail to the student.
 - vi. New information that becomes available after the conclusion of the hearing but prior to the final decision of the Dean of Student Success may, at the discretion of the Dean of Student Success, be referred to the conduct hearing committee for reconsideration of the case.
 - vii. In cases of suspension or dismissal, the complainant must also be notified of the outcome in compliance with the *Code of Virginia § 23.1-412*.

h. Hearing Records

- i. All relevant evidence will be given to the committee during the hearing and be made part of the hearing record.
- ii. The hearing record will also include a copy of the notice of the hearing that

- was provided to the student.
- iii. The hearing record will be forwarded to the Dean of Student Success and securely maintained.

Sanctions

Violations of the Conduct Code can result in one or more of the following sanctions as deemed appropriate. All sanctions become part of the student's conduct record. The list of sanctions is not a progression.

- 1. **Disciplinary Warning:** A written warning to a student that his/her conduct violated the Conduct Code, and that further misconduct will result in more severe disciplinary action. Disciplinary warning may include but not limited to a behavior agreement or contract.
- 2. **Restitution:** Compensation for damages or losses caused.
- 3. **Loss of Privileges:** Exclusion from college extracurricular activities, specified college facilities, or other restriction of movements while at the institution for a period of time not to exceed one year. The student may still attend academic classes.
- 4. **Program Dismissal**: Administrative withdrawal from an academic program due to violation of the program's specific conduct standards, which may include violations of this Conduct Code or other program specific policies as set forth in its Handbook. Effects and eligibility of a program dismissal are set forth in the specific program's policies. Tuition refunds for dismissed students are governed by the <u>Financial Aid Policy and Procedure Manual</u> and are not guaranteed.
- 5. **Disciplinary Probation**: A specified period of time which is intended to foster reflection, responsibility, and improved decision making. During this period, the student is not in good standing with the college and may be barred from participating in certain college activities. Future violations of the code of conduct while a student is on disciplinary probation may result in additional and more severe sanctions, including suspension or dismissal.
- 6. **Suspension:** A specific period of time, which may extend for up to two calendar years, during which a student is not permitted to participate or enroll in college classes. A student assigned this sanction will be administratively withdrawn from all enrolled classes upon the expiration of the appeal period. Tuition refunds for suspended students are governed by <u>Financial Aid Policy and Procedure Manual</u> and are not guaranteed.
- 7. **Dismissal:** A permanent separation of a student from the college which is assigned to the most serious conduct cases. Depending on the type of violation, an Academic or Behavioral dismissal may be assigned. Behavioral dismissals are administered under the disciplinary procedures described in the section entitled "Disciplinary Procedures". For more information on academic dismissals, see <u>Penalties for Misconduct</u>. Either type of

dismissal is permanently notated on a student's transcript. A student assigned this sanction will be administratively withdrawn from all classes upon the expiration of the appeal period. Tuition refunds for dismissed students are governed by <u>Financial Aid Policy and Procedure Manual</u> and are not guaranteed.

- 8. **Community Service:** Service-learning hours or volunteer work.
- 9. **Character Development:** Required attendance at an educational workshop, research and writing assignments, or participation in a mentorship program.
- 10. Other Sanctions: Including, but not limited to, no contact orders or removal from a class.

Appeal

The student has the right to appeal the case decision to the Vice President of Academics and Student services within five (5) business days from the date the decision letter was sent to the student's college-provided email account. In cases where the decision letter is sent by physical mail, the student must appeal within five business days from the mail delivery date.

Appeals must be submitted in writing and include a detailed explanation of the grounds for the appeal.

The grounds for an appeal are as follows:

- 1. Procedural error, meaning the college conduct process as outlined herein, was not followed. The student must state how the alleged procedural error caused undue harm.
- 2. New information, meaning information became available after the Disposition of the Violation that was not reasonably available prior to, and which is of a character that, if known, may have affected the outcome of the case.
- 3. Fundamental unfairness, meaning the sanction is disproportionate to the Code violation(s). A student's disagreement with a finding of responsibility or a particular sanction does not constitute fundamental unfairness.

The Vice President of Academics and Student Services will review the appeal request and determine if grounds for an appeal have been met.

The Vice President of Academics and Student Services may:

- 1. Find that the appeal is not timely or does not state adequate grounds for appeal according to the listing above and dismiss it. The decision is final.
- 2. Affirm the finding and sanction imposed. The decision is final.
- 3. Affirm the finding and reduce, but not eliminate, the sanction. The decision is final.
- 4. Remand the case back to the Dean of Student Success or conduct hearing committee for

consideration of new evidence or a procedural error.

The final decision on the appeal will be provided to the student through the student's college-provided email account or by mail within ten (10) business days.

General Provisions:

- 1. Throughout the conduct process, the student may continue to attend classes, unless the Dean of Student Success determines that the student's continued presence poses a significant disruption to the educational rights of other students. The Dean of Student Success must make a request for interim action from a Vice President of Academics and Student Success, who can approve or deny the recommended interim action. Depending on the nature of the alleged violation, interim actions may include, but are not limited to, interim suspension and administrative no-contact orders between individuals or groups. When possible, alternative arrangements will be made for the student to continue to meet academic requirements. If an interim action is determined to be needed, the Dean of Student Success will notify the student in writing of the specific facts and circumstances that make the action necessary. This decision is not appealable.
- 2. Students needing assistance or disability accommodations with respect to these procedures must request such in a timely manner so that appropriate actions can be taken without unnecessary delays to the process. Students should contact Accessibility Services with questions or for assistance.
- 3. The college investigates all reports of sexual harassment or sexual misconduct. Incidents of alleged sexual harassment should be reported to the college's Title IX Coordinator, by submitting a report here. The Sexual Harassment policy takes precedence for any conduct falling within its jurisdiction.
- 4. Conduct violations that are specific to a program of study, as detailed in a program handbook, must be adjudicated through this Conduct Code.
- 5. A student is presumed to be mentally and physically fit to participate in educational programming when he or she enrolls. If a student's conduct indicates they may not be fit, the college can require an evaluation of fitness to continue educational programming. The student will be required to follow any recommendations made by the evaluator.

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Student Rights and Responsibilities

An application for admission to the College represents a voluntary decision by the student to participate in the programs offered by the institution pursuant to the polices, rules, and regulations of the State Board for Community Colleges. Approval of that application represents the extension of privilege to join the College community and to remain a part of it as long as the student s meets the requires academic and behavior standards.

Each individual student is guaranteed the privilege of exercising their rights without fear or prejudice. Such rights include the following:

- 1. Students are free to pursue educational goals; appropriate opportunities for learning in the classroom and on the campus shall be provided by the College.
- 2. No disciplinary sanctions may be imposed upon any student without due process.
- 3. Free inquiry, expressions, and assembly are guaranteed to all students provided their actions do not interfere with the rights of others or the effective operation of the institution.
- 4. Academic evaluation of student performance shall be neither arbitrary nor capricious.
- 5. The College and members of the College community have the right to expect safety, protection, and the continuity of the educational process.

All student activity programs recognized organizations must comply with the College's nondiscrimination policy, except as follows:

1. Any recognized religious or political student organization shall be authorized to limit certain activities only to members who are committed to furthering the mission of such an organization. Such activities include ordering the organization's internal affairs, selecting the organization's leaders and members, defining the organization's doctrines, and resolving the organization's disputes.

Academic Integrity Policy Statement

When college officials award credit, degrees, and certificates, they must assume the absolute integrity of the work students have done; therefore, it is important that students maintain the highest standard of honor in their scholastic work.

The college does not tolerate academic dishonesty. The following conduct, including Cheating, Data Misrepresentation, Facilitating Academic Dishonesty, or Plagiarism, in addition to others at the college's discretion, will be adjudicated in accordance with processes set forth by the college's Academic Integrity policy and process, consistent with the terms and definitions herein.

The college's **Academic Integrity Policy** and process are as follows:

In an adult teaching and learning environment, there are behavioral expectations and performance standards. The members of the Southwest faculty are eager to foster an atmosphere of scholarly inquiry and sharing, trust, acceptance, mutual respect, and safety. Providing quality instruction under these conditions is foremost among Southwest's mission, and the classroom, both literal and virtual, is the primary focus for that instruction.

Missing Class

Students missing designated class times or online course deadlines and due dates have a number of responsibilities. Students must communicate with their instructor ahead of time if they are aware of a conflict that will prevent them from attending or meeting the deadline. Once the class or deadline is missed, the student must communicate with their instructor immediately to find out what they missed during their absence or to request an alternate due date. Generally, students are responsible for participating in a class's activities on the first day back from any period of absence.

• Class Interruptions

Administrative tasks should be conducted during office hours, not during class time. Students are encouraged to participate and engage in class activities, but unsolicited and continuous talking may disrupt classroom quality and/or deprive students of their right to a quality educational environment.

Some activities, such as bringing children to class, using a computer or other electronics device instead of listening to the instructor, eating, sleeping, doing homework for other classes, or refusal to carry out assignments or requests, generally disrupt classroom continuity. The instructor may ask students to stop such activities should they occur during class. For repetitive disruptions, the teacher may elect to take further action to stop the behavior, such as ask the student to leave the classroom or in extreme cases drop the course altogether.

• Peer Respect

Southwest is home to many students who all have a right to an environment free from fear or intimidation. There is no tolerance for disrespectful behavior.

• Open Labs and the Library

Open Labs and the Library offer unstructured learning opportunities for students. These facilities offer both academic and social experiences, but the academic experience is primary. In order to maximize this experience, students should avoid creating a noisy environment. In an open lab, students engaged in recreational computer use should be willing to surrender their spaces to students completing required classwork. Students sending email should employ the same courtesy required by face-to-face communications, including abstaining from using offensive language or making personal attacks.

• Electronic Devices

Students are expected to manage their digital communication devices in a way that does not distract others from learning. If this is not done, an instructor has the option to ask the student to leave class.

• Plagiarism

A student must complete his or her own work. Tutors are available to assist when help is needed, but no one should do an assignment for someone else. To use someone else's words or ideas without proper credit is called plagiarism and could bring disciplinary action up to and including dismissal from college.

Student Conduct Records Retention

SWCC follows Library of Virginia standards on retaining student conduct records; *see <u>Code of Virginia § 42.1-85</u>*. More information can be found on the Library of Virginia records management and retention website under schedule GS-111.

Permanent sanctions on the student transcript, such as suspension or dismissal, are retained indefinitely.

Concluding Statement

This policy aims to foster an environment conducive to learning. All students are expected to understand and comply with these guidelines to maintain their standing within the college community.